



# Some challenges facing software engineers developing software for scientists.

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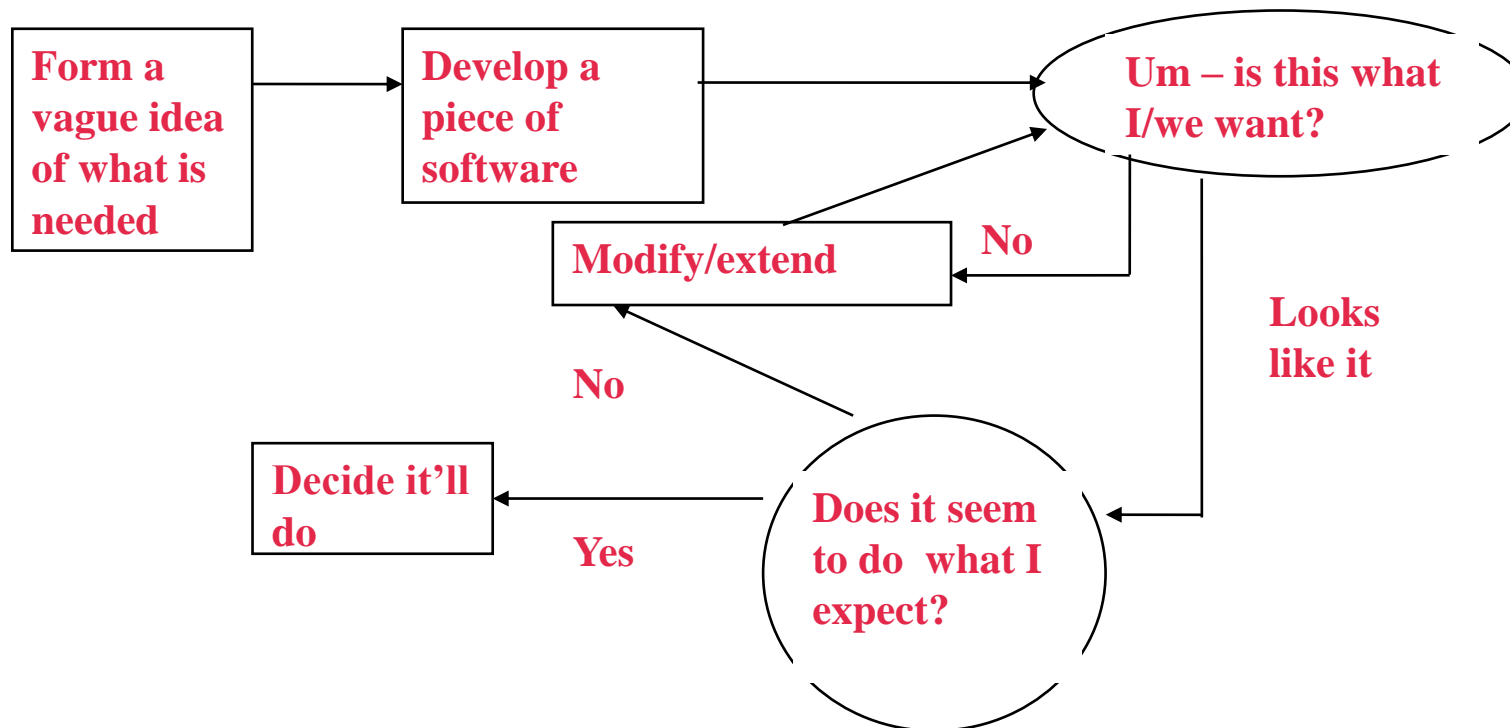
# Contents

This list is far from exhaustive

- Based on my field studies (so not HPC)
  - Socio-technical rather than technological
1. Those due to the scientists being ‘professional end-user developers’ (that is, having experience of developing their own software)
  2. Those which are not unique to scientists but have particular salience in a scientific context
    - a) The effective involvement of users
    - b) Developing software for a community

# 1. Challenges that are reasonably well understood.

A model of scientists developing their own software – an iterative, incremental, feedback model





This is a very successful model –  
but only in a very **particular** context....

- The developers are the end-users or at least embedded in the end-user community. So:
  - Establishment of requirements
  - Testingare not considered to be major concerns.
- The software is developed to address a particular problem of a particular group at a particular point in time. So:
  - Comprehensibility, maintainability, portability not of concern



The success of this model (albeit in a very limited context) leads to the following risk:-

That scientists think they KNOW how to develop software in any context



# The challenge to software engineers: managing scientists' expectations

- The establishing of requirements by software engineers is generally a more major resource intensive concern than scientists expect
- Ditto testing
- Software development in general takes longer than scientists expect.



# This challenge is exacerbated by scientists' values:

- Scientists value scientific knowledge and skill over software development and skill
- “anybody can develop software”



## 2. Challenges which aren't well understood

- Engaging users effectively.  
Essential in the development of scientific software because of
  - the complexity of the domain
  - The preferred use of an iterative incremental feedback model.
- BUT scientists want to do science
- HOW can effective user engagement be enabled?





# Developing scientific software for a community

As science “goes large” – development of cyberinfrastructure etc.

Some problems:-

- The culture of scientists is competitive
- “The tragedy of the commons”
- Variety e.g. of terminology (cf. problems with ontologies)



# Thank you for listening

Any questions?